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been the direct cause of the unauthorized absentee status. In such an instance, eligibility will be:

- (1) Determined to have existed from the day and hour of such injury or illness provided the member was not in an unauthorized absentee status prior to the onset of the illness or injury and initiation of treatment.
- (2) Retained when the member is returned directly to military control.
- (3) Terminated should the member return to an unauthorized absentee status immediately after completion of treatment. Departmental level (MEDCOM-333 for medical and MEDCOM-06 for dental) review is required before benefits may be extended.
- (e) Constructive return. When constructive return, defined in §732.11(c), is effected, entitlement will be determined to have existed from 0001 hours of the day of constructive return, not necessarily the day and hour care was initiated

§732.13 Sources of care.

- (a) Initial application. If a member requires maternity, medical, or dental care and naval facilities are unavailable, make initial application to other available Federal medical or dental facilities or USTFs. When members are stationed in or passing through a NATO SOFA nation and U.S. facilities are unavailable, ensure that members make initial application for emergency and nonemergency care to military facilities of the host country, or if applicable, to civilian sources under the NATO SOFA nation's health care program. When hospitalized in Hawaii, Alaska, or in a foreign medical facility, members and responsible commands will comply with OPNAVINST 6320.6.
- (b) Secondary sources. When either emergency or nonemergency care is required and there are no Federal or NATO SOFA facilities available, care may be obtained from non-Federal sources under this part.

§732.14 Authorized care.

(a) Medical. (1) Consultation and treatment provided by physicians or at medical facilities, and procedures not involving treatment when directed by COMNAVMEDCOM, are authorized. Such care includes, but is not limited

- to: treatment by physicians, hospital inpatient and outpatient care, surgery, nursing, medicine, laboratory and x-ray services, physical therapy, eye examinations, etc. See §732.17 for prior approval of these services in non-emergency situations.
- (2) When transplant (including bone-marrow) is the treatment of choice, COMNAVMEDCOM approval is required. If time permits, telephone (A) 294–1102, (C) (202) 653–1102 during regular hours or (A) 294–1327, (C) 653–1327 after regular duty hours, and followup with a message. Request approval via message in nonemergency situations.
- (b) Maternity episode. If a member authorized care under this part qualifies for care under the provisions of §732.17(c) and delivers in a civilian hospital, routine newborn care (i.e., nursery, newborn examination, PKU test, etc.) is a part of the mother's admission expenses. Regardless of circumstances necessitating delivery in a civilian facility or how charges are separated on the bill, charges will be paid from funds available for care of the mother. If the infant becomes a patient in his or her own right—through an extension of the birthing hospital stay because of complications, transfer to another facility, or subsequent admission—the provisions of part 728 of this chapter and NAVMEDCOMINST 6320.18 are applicable, and the sponsor becomes responsible for a part of the medical expenses incurred.
- (c) *Dental.* (1) With prior approval, the following may be provided:
- (i) All types of treatment (including operative, restorative, and oral surgical) to relieve pain and abort infection.
- (ii) Prosthetic treatment to restore extensive loss of masticatory function or the replacement of anterior teeth for esthetic reasons.
- (iii) Repair of existing dental prostheses when neglect of the repair would result in unserviceability of the appliance.
- (iv) Any type of treatment adjunctive to medical or surgical care.
- (v) All x-rays, drugs, etc., required for treatment or care in paragraphs (c)(1) (i) through (iv) of this section.
- (2) In emergencies (no prior approval), only measures appropriate to

relieve pain or abort infection are authorized.

- (d) Eye refractions and spectacles. Includes refractions of eyes by physicians and optometrists and furnishing and repairing spectacles.
- (1) Refractions. A refraction may be obtained from a civilian source at Government expense only when Federal facilities are not available, no suitable prescription is in the member's Health Record, and the cognizant OMA or referring USMTF has given prior approval.
- (2) Spectacles. When a member has no suitable spectacles and the lack thereof, combined with the delay in obtaining suitable ones from a Federal source would prevent performance of duty; repair, replacement, or procurement from a civilian source may be authorized upon initiation of an after-the-fact request per §732.17. Otherwise, the prescription from the refractionist, with proper facial measurements, must be sent for fabrication to the appropriate dispensing activity set forth in COMINST 6810.1. See NAVMED §732.15(g) concerning contact lenses.

§732.15 Unauthorized care.

The following are not authorized by this part:

- (a) Chiropractic services.
- (b) Vasectomies.
- (c) Tubal ligations.
- (d) Breast augmentations or reductions.
- (e) Psychiatric care, beyond the initial evaluation.
 - (f) Court ordered care.
 - (g) Contact lenses.
- (h) Other elective procedures.

§ 732.16 Emergency care requirements.

Only in a bona fide emergency will medical, maternity, or dental services be obtained under this part by or on behalf of eligible personnel without prior authority as outlined below.

- (a) Medical or dental care. A situation where the need or apparent need for medical or dental attention does not permit obtaining approval in advance.
- (b) Maternity care. When a condition commences or exacerbates during pregnancy in a manner that a delay, caused by referral to a USMTF or USTF, would jeopardize the welfare of the

mother or unborn child, the following constitutes indications for admission to or treatment at a non-Federal facility:

- (1) Medical or surgical conditions which would constitute an emergency in the nonpregnant state.
- (2) Spontaneous abortion, with first trimester hemorrhage.
- (3) Premature or term labor with delivery.
 - (4) Severe pre-eclampsia.
- (5) Hemorrhage, second and third trimester.
- (6) Ectopic pregnancy with cardiovascular instability.
- (7) Premature rupture of membrames with prolapse of the umbilical cord.
 - (8) Obstetric sepsis.
- (9) Any other obstetrical condition that, by definition, constitutes an emergency circumstance.

§ 732.17 Nonemergency care requirements.

Members are cautioned not to obtain nonemergency care from civilian sources without prior approval from the cognizant adjudication authority in §732.20. Obtaining nonemergency care, other than as specified herein, without documented prior approval may result in denial by the Government of responsibility for claims arising from such care.

- (a) Individual prior approval. (1) Submit requests for prior approval of nonemergency care (medical, dental, or maternity) from non-Federal sources to the adjudication authority (§732.20) serving the geographic area where care is to be obtained. When the requirements of §732.14(d)(2) are met and spectacles have been obtained, request after-the-fact approval per this paragraph.
- (2) Submit requests on a NAVMED 6320/10. Statement of Civilian Medical/Dental Care, with blocks 1 through 7 and 19 through 25 completed. Assistance in completing the NAVMED 6320/10 can be obtained from the health benefits advisor (HBA) at the nearest USMTF.
- (3) Upon receipt, the adjudication authority will review the request and, if necessary, forward it to the appropriate chief of service with an explanation of non-Federal care regulations